[320] Search order and Queue Structures

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Shortest Weighted Path











Complexity: Time vs. Memory

```
def ratio search(L, target):
    for n in L:
        for d in L:
            if n/d == target:
                 return True
    return False
def list ratios(L):
    ratios = []
    for n in L:
        for d in L:
            ratios.append(n/d)
    return ratios
```

if N is Ien(L) and f(N) is the **number of steps**, with is the Big-O complexity of each function?

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```

if N is len(L) and f(N) is the **max memory** used, with is the Big-O complexity of each function?

Review: Stacks, Queues, Priority Queues

```
while len(todo):
    curr = todo.pop(0)
```

other code...
appends to todo

```
while len(todo):
    todo.sort()
    curr = todo.pop(0)
```

```
# other code...
# appends to todo
```

while len(todo):
 curr = todo.pop(-1)

```
# other code...
# appends to todo
```

pair the code with the optimizations



B use priority queue (heapq)

C use queue (deque)



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Review: Stacks, Queues, Priority Queues



Review: Search Order



How many grandchildren does A have?

Assume any loop over a node's edges goes left to right.

We want to find an **A-to-Z** path.

With **DFS**:

- what path is found?
- what is the traversal order?

With **BFS**:

- what path is found?
- what is the traversal order?