

[320] Web 4: Web Crawling

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Review requests, flask, selenium

Which module is for writing **servers**?

1. requests
2. flask
3. selenium

If you need to **JavaScript engine** to load data on the page, you should scrape with

1. requests
2. selenium

The **DOM** (Document Object Model) is an example of a:

1. DAG
2. Tree
3. Binary Tree

T/F: if `b` is a selenium browser visiting a **static page**, then

`b.page_source` gives the HTML of that .html file as a string

1. True
2. False

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The **DOM** (Document Object Model) is an example of a:

1. DAG ← True, but not most informative answer...
2. Tree
3. Binary Tree

T/F: if `b` is a selenium browser visiting a **static page**, then

`b.page_source` gives the HTML of that .html file as a string

1. True
2. False ← It is a translation of DOM (which may have changed) back to HTML

Internet and Graphs

Demo: Breadth-First Search on Pages

A.html

Welcome!
Please visit [page B](#)

C.html

Home: [page A](#)
Have you been to: [page B](#)?
There's much more at [page Z](#)

B.html

Home: [page A](#)
Another cool page: [page C](#)

pages are nodes

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pages are **nodes**
links are **edges**

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?

pages are **nodes**

links are **edges**

we might do BFS/DFS without ever seeing whole graph

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?

Practice: <https://tyler.caraza-harter.com/cs320/s20/lectures/lec-20/practice.html>

HTTP 429: Too Many Requests

```
import time
from flask import request, Flask, Response

app = Flask(__name__)

last_req = {}

def backoff(fn):
    def wrap():
        t0 = last_req.get(request.remote_addr, 0)
        t1 = time.time()

        if t1 - t0 < 2:
            r = Response("<h1>backoff! 429</h1>")
            r.status_code = 429
            return r

        last_req[request.remote_addr] = t1
        return fn()
    wrap.__name__ = fn.__name__
    return wrap

@app.route("/")
@backoff
def home():
    return "<h1>Hello!</h1>"

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(host="0.0.0.0", port="5003")
```

no IP address is allowed to send us more than 2 requests per second



```
import time
from flask import request, Flask, Response
```

```
app = Flask(__name__)
```

```
last_req = {}
```

```
def backoff(fn):
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    def wrap():
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        t0 = last_req.get(request.remote_addr, 0)
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        t1 = time.time()
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        if t1 - t0 < 2:
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```
            r = Response("<h1>backoff! 429</h1>")
```

```
            r.status_code = 429
```

```
            return r
```

```
        last_req[request.remote_addr] = t1
```

```
        return fn()
```

```
    wrap.__name__ = fn.__name__
```

```
    return wrap
```

```
@app.route("/")
```

```
@backoff
```

```
def home():
```

```
    return "<h1>Hello!</h1>"
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    app.run(host="0.0.0.0", port="5003")
```

no IP address is allowed to send us more than 2 requests per second

`r.headers["Retry-After"] = 2 - (t1 - t0)`

tell clients when they're welcome again

robots.txt

Examples

<https://reddit.com/robots.txt>

<https://en.wikipedia.org/robots.txt>

<https://news.ycombinator.com/robots.txt>

<https://docs.python.org/3/library/urllib.robotparser.html>

```
from urllib.robotparser import RobotFileParser
robo = RobotFileParser("https://news.ycombinator.com/robots.txt")
robo.read()
robo.crawl_delay(useragent="320-agent") ← one visit per 30 seconds
```

```
robo = RobotFileParser("https://tyler.caraza-harter.com/robots.txt")
robo.read()
base = "https://tyler.caraza-harter.com/cs320/s20/lectures/lec-20/calendar/"
print(robo.can_fetch("320-agent", base+"A.html"))
print(robo.can_fetch("320-agent", base+"months/JAN-2020.html"))
```

← why forbidden?

Demo: Crawling with robots.txt

<https://tyler.caraza-harter.com/cs320/s20/lectures/lec-20/calendar/A.html>

```
robo = RobotFileParser("https://tyler.caraza-harter.com/robots.txt")
robo.read()
base = "https://tyler.caraza-harter.com/cs320/s20/lectures/lec-20/calendar/"
print(robo.can_fetch("320-agent", base+"A.html"))
print(robo.can_fetch("320-agent", base+"months/JAN-2020.html"))
```

 why forbidden?