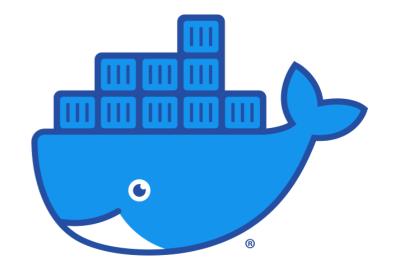
[544] Docker Deployment

Tyler Caraza-Harter



Learning Objectives

- use existing Docker images to launch containers
- define new Docker images using Dockerfiles
- troubleshoot common issues with running Docker containers

Outline

Virtualization

Images, Containers, and Dockerfiles

Demos...

Definition: the illusion of private resources, provided by software

Contexts this semester

- Virtual Machines (hardware)
- Virtual Machines (languages)
- Virtual Operating System (container) new today
- Virtual Memory (covered later lecture...)

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virtualized resources include CPU, RAM, disks, network devices, etc

VMs rarely use all their allocated resources, so overbooking is possible

VM: 8 GB of RAM and 4 cores

VM: 6 GB of RAM and 3 cores

VM: 8 GB of RAM and 6 cores

virtual machines for rent (by you)

Physical Machine: 16 GB of RAM and 8 CPU cores

actual hardware bought by cloud provider (like Google GCP) for their cloud services

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problem: if each program is deployed to a different VM, operating system overheads will dominate

these operating systems are mostly unaware that their on VMs instead of physical hardware

OS: Ubuntu 24.04

OS: Debian

OS: Windows Server

VM: 8 GB of RAM and 4 cores

VM: 6 GB of RAM and 6 cores

VM: 8 GB of RAM and 6 cores

VM: 8 GB of RAM and 6 cores

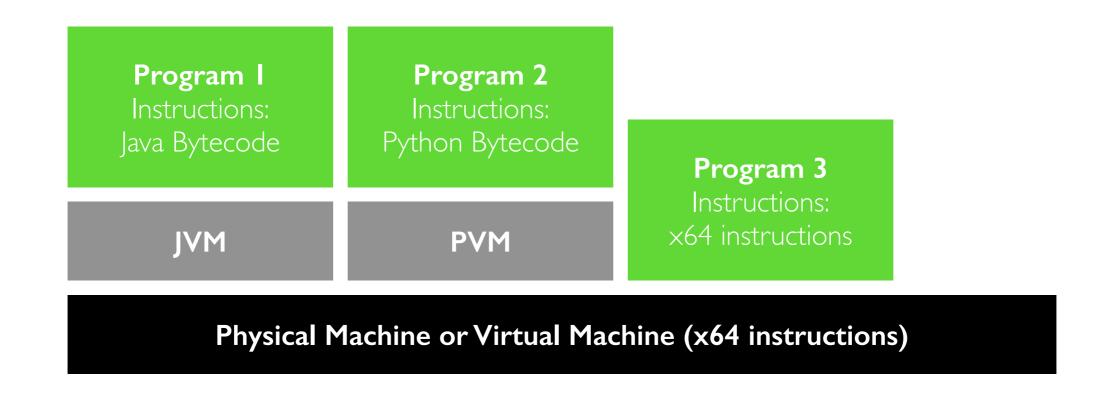
VM: 8 GB of RAM and 8 CPU cores

actual hardware bought by cloud provider (like Google GCP) for their cloud services

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Linux containers

- Docker makes creation easy
- The "physical" OS is shared, which is very efficient
- Programs in different containers can uses different flavors of Linux
- Cannot have a Windows container on Linux

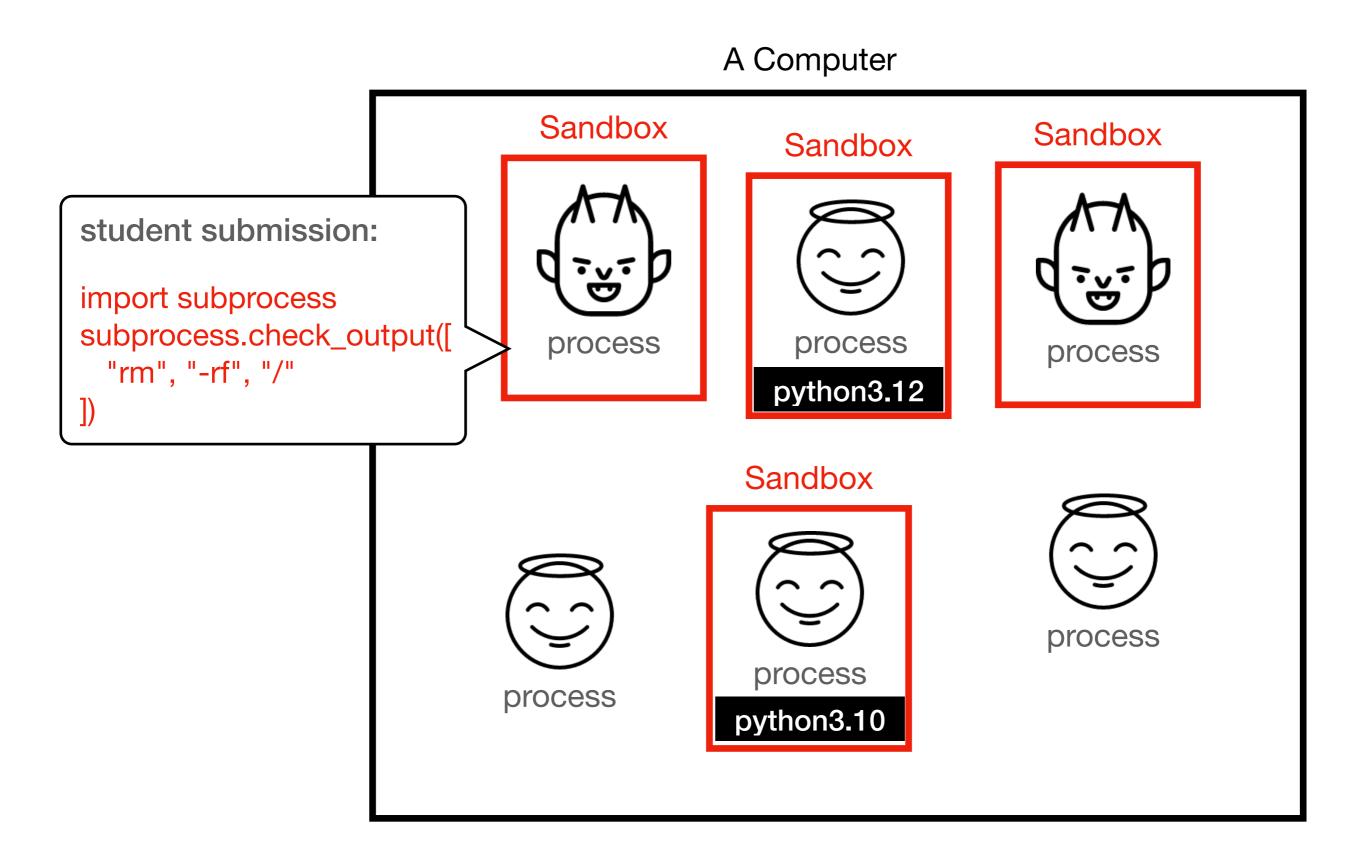
Container:
Ubuntu 22.04 Linux

Container: Ubuntu 22.10 Linux **Container:**Debian

OS: some flavor of Linux

Physical Machine or Virtual Machine (x64 instructions)

Containers and Virtual Machines are "Sandboxes"

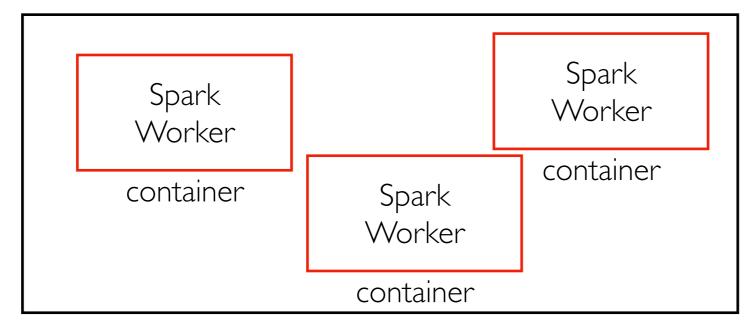


Docker containers

Containers are a lightweight alternative to virtual machines.

You'll run Docker containers this semester to have your own "mini

cluster"



Your Virtual Machine

Resources of the "cluster" are limited to those of a single VM, so we'll scale projects accordingly. But the techniques will apply to large clusters and datasets.

Outline

Virtualization

Images, Containers, and Dockerfiles

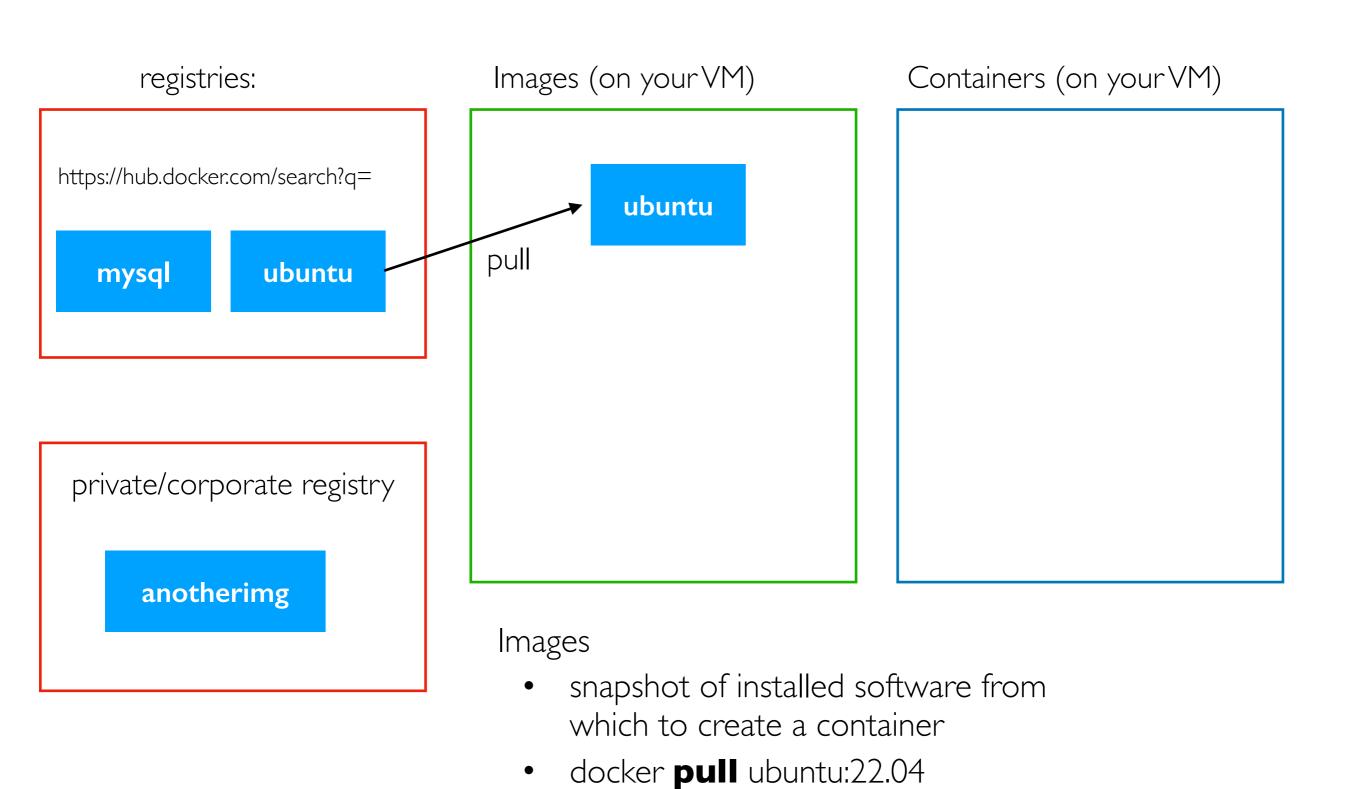
Demos

TIP: make notes of docker commands

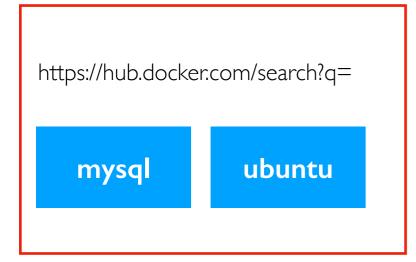
docker **SOME-COMMAND** arg I, arg 2, ...

Docker Install

See Project | specification...

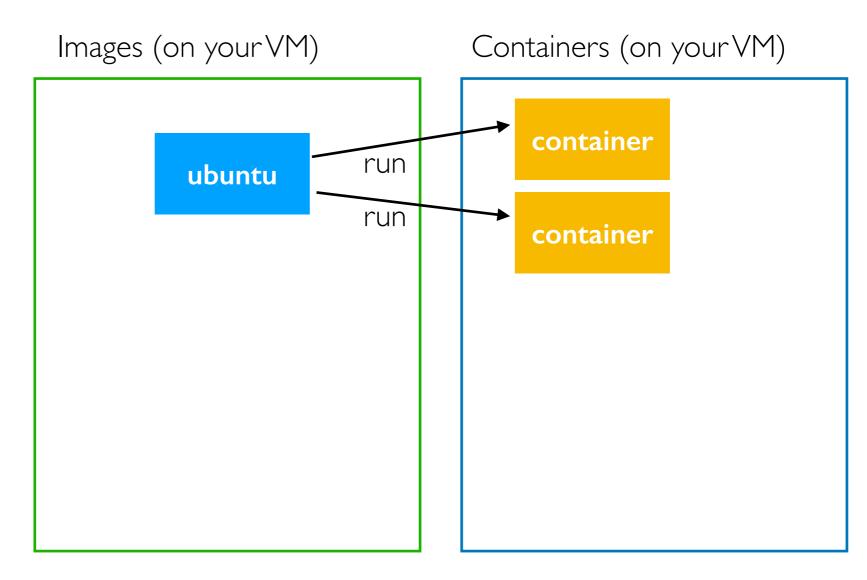


registries:



private/corporate registry

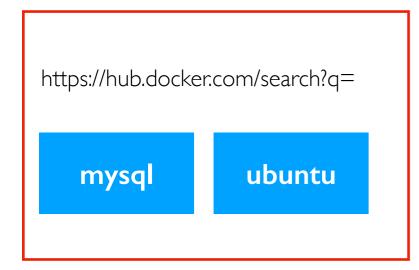
anotherimg



Containers

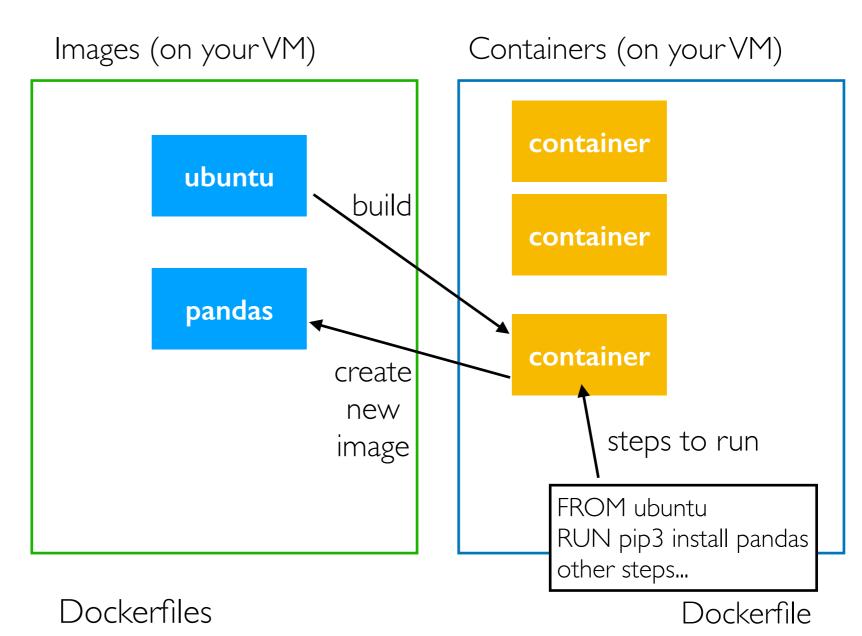
- Linux sandbox in which to run processes
- docker run ubuntu

registries:



private/corporate registry

anotherimg



- steps to run in a container (like installs)
- creates a new image
- docker build myimg -t pandas

registries:



private/corporate registry

anotherimg

Images (on your VM) Containers (on your VM) container ubuntu container pandas run container

Reproducibility

- Docker files unambiguously describe the setup
- Others can get all the same version numbers

TopHat, Demos...