# [320] Web 5: A/B Testing

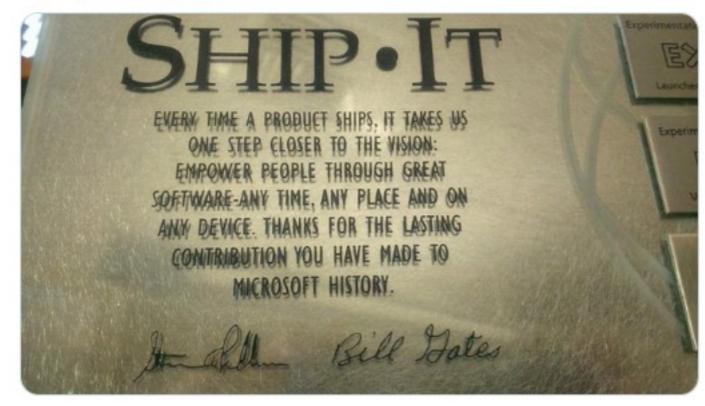
Yiyin Shen

## Source for Examples/Lessons

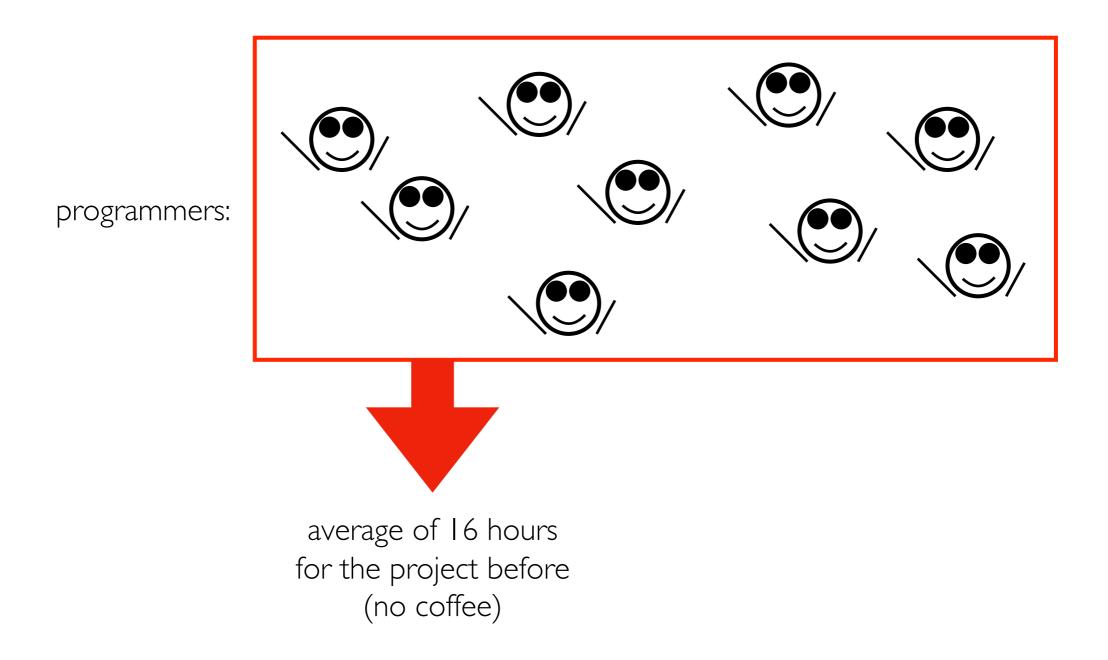
Ronny Kohavi Keynote Talk at KDD conference (Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining) **Title:** Online Controlled Experiments: Lessons from Running A/B/n Tests for 12 years **Video**: <u>https://exp-platform.com/kdd2015keynotekohavi/</u>



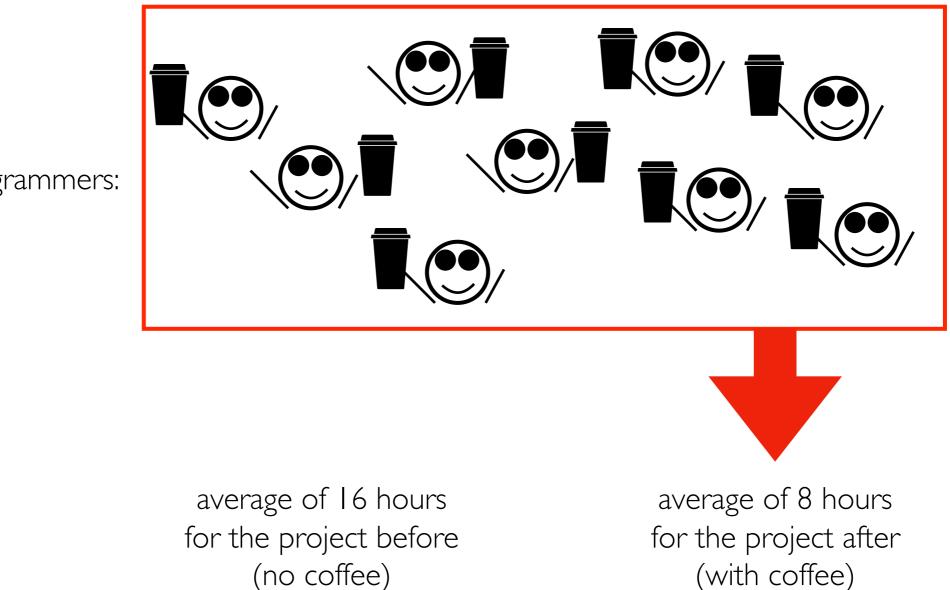
Ronny Kohavi @ronnyk · Nov 7, 2014 Microsoft stopped ship-it-awards today! With #abtesting, it's about userimpact; NOT shipping is often better!



Design I: before and after



Design I: before and after



programmers:

Design I: before and after

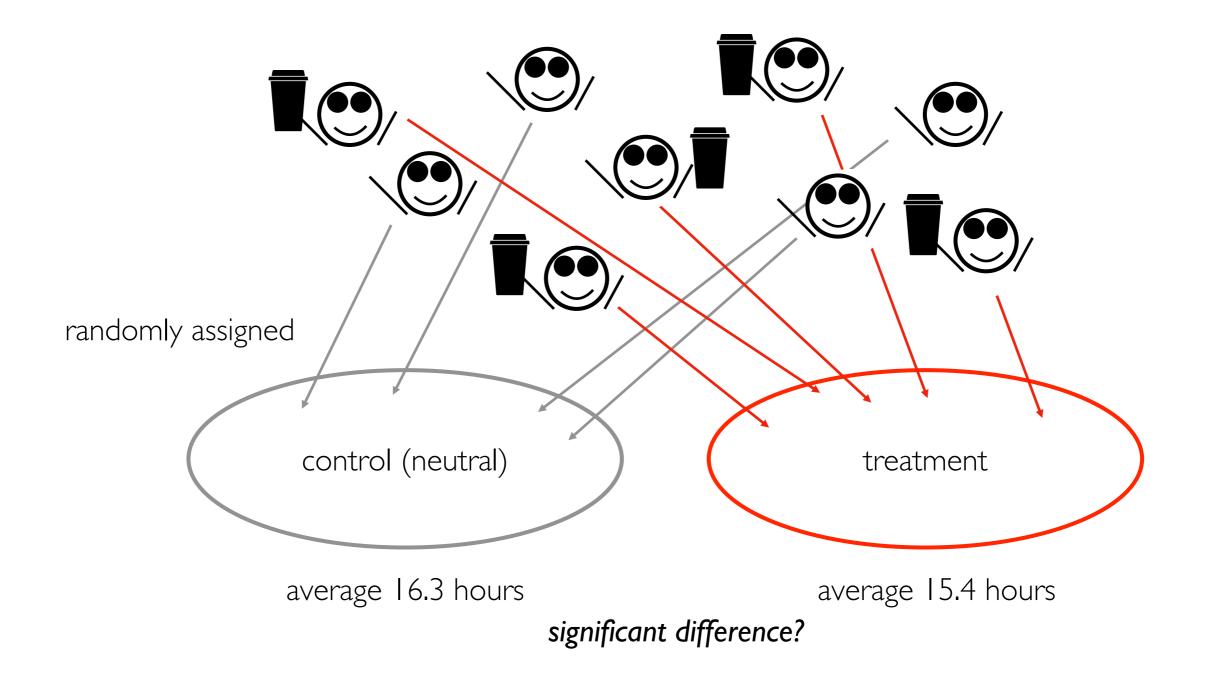


programmers:

concerns???

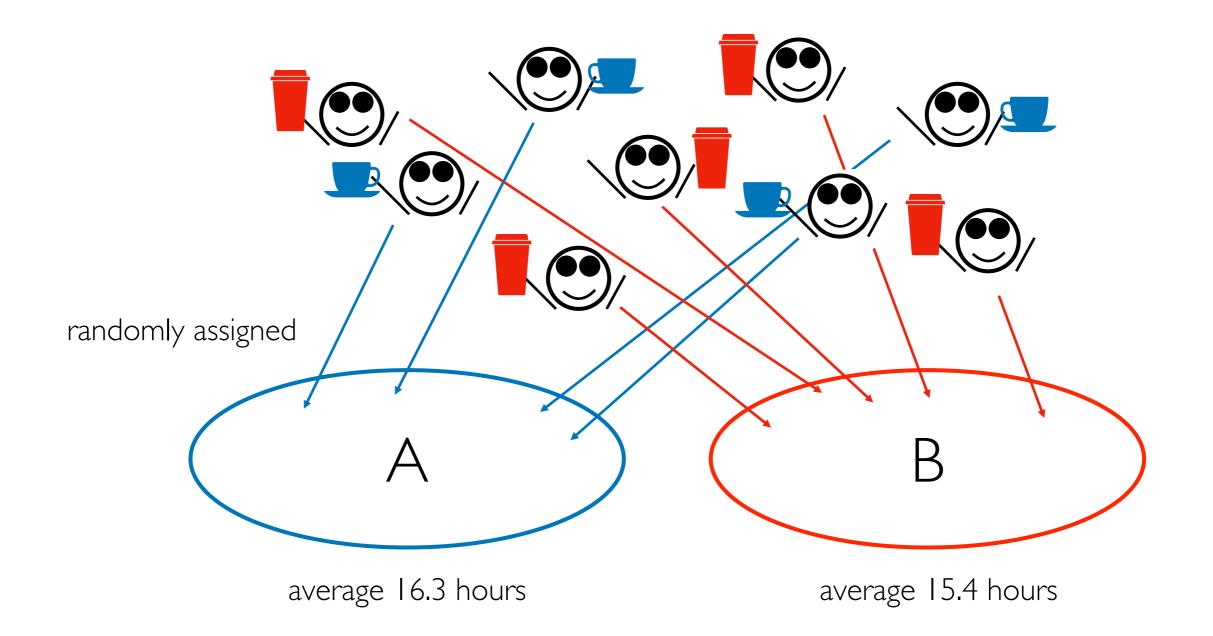
average of 16 hours for the project before (no coffee) average of 8 hours for the project after (with coffee)

Design 2: randomly assigned control and treatment groups

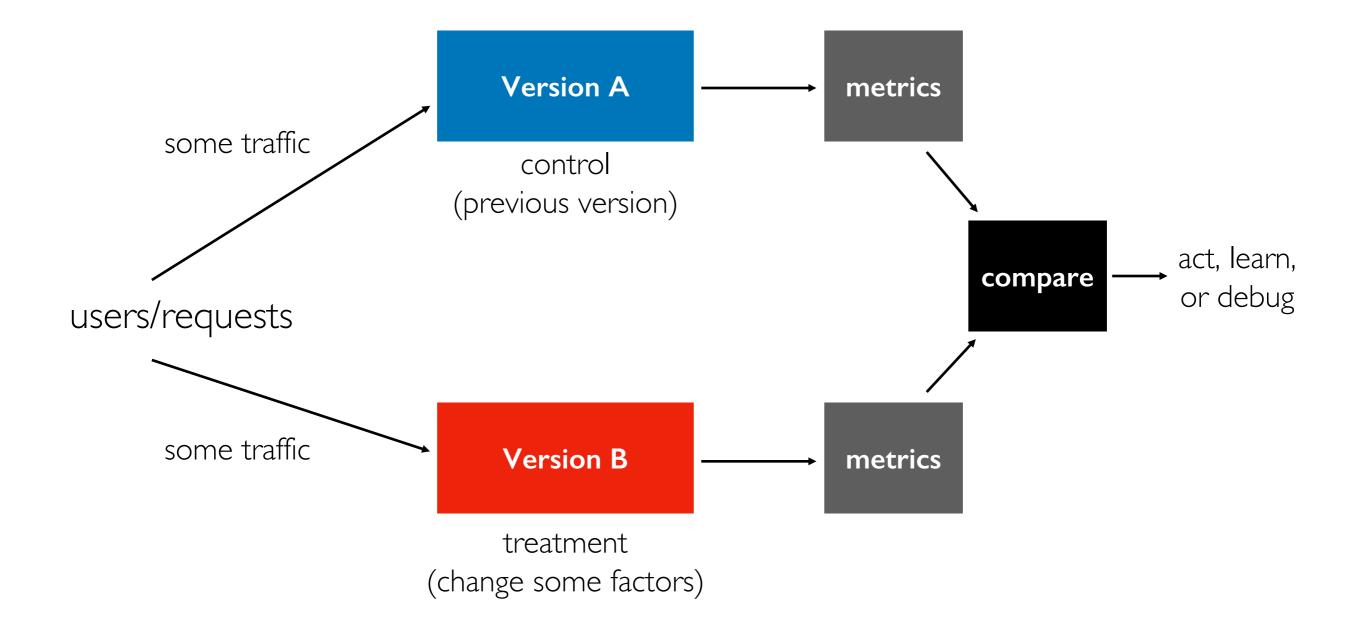


# Experiment Design: Is coffee or tea better for programming?

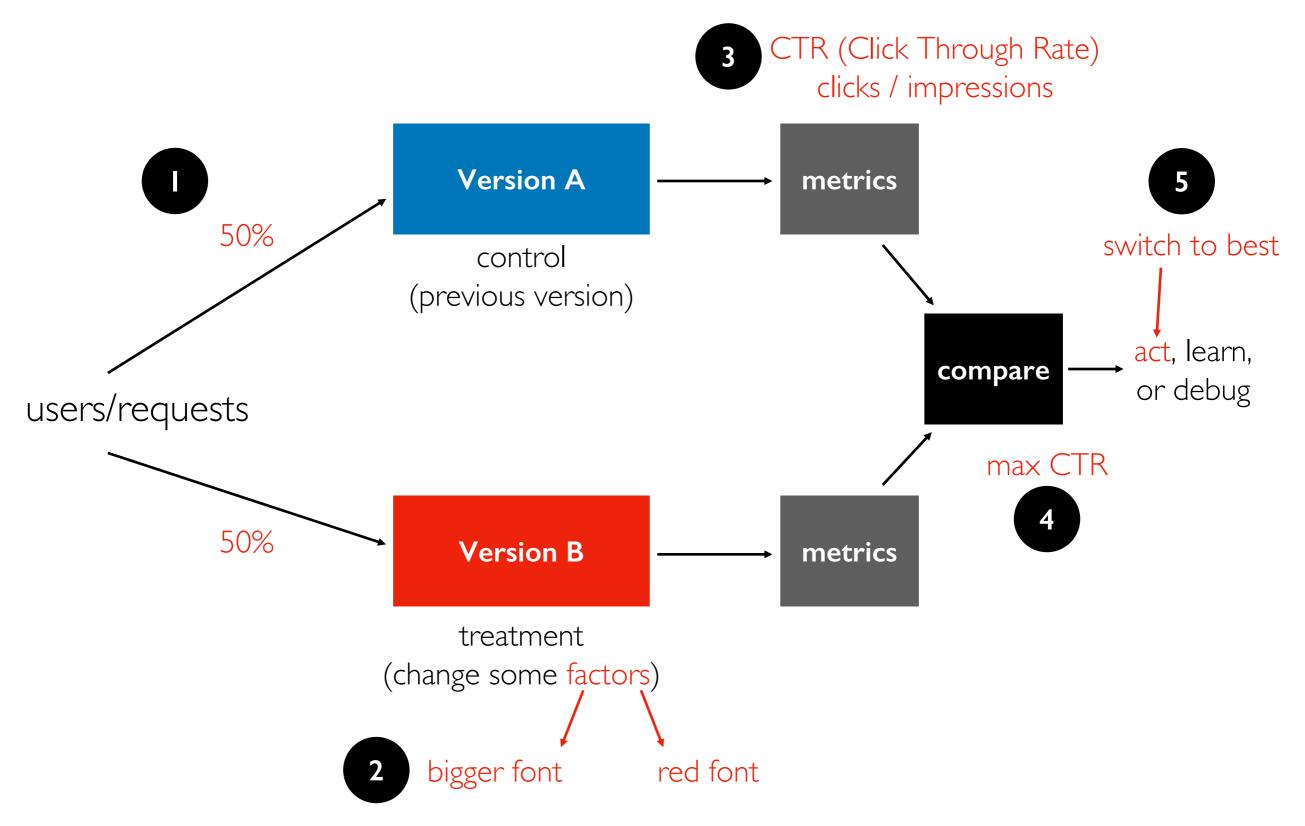
A/B Testing



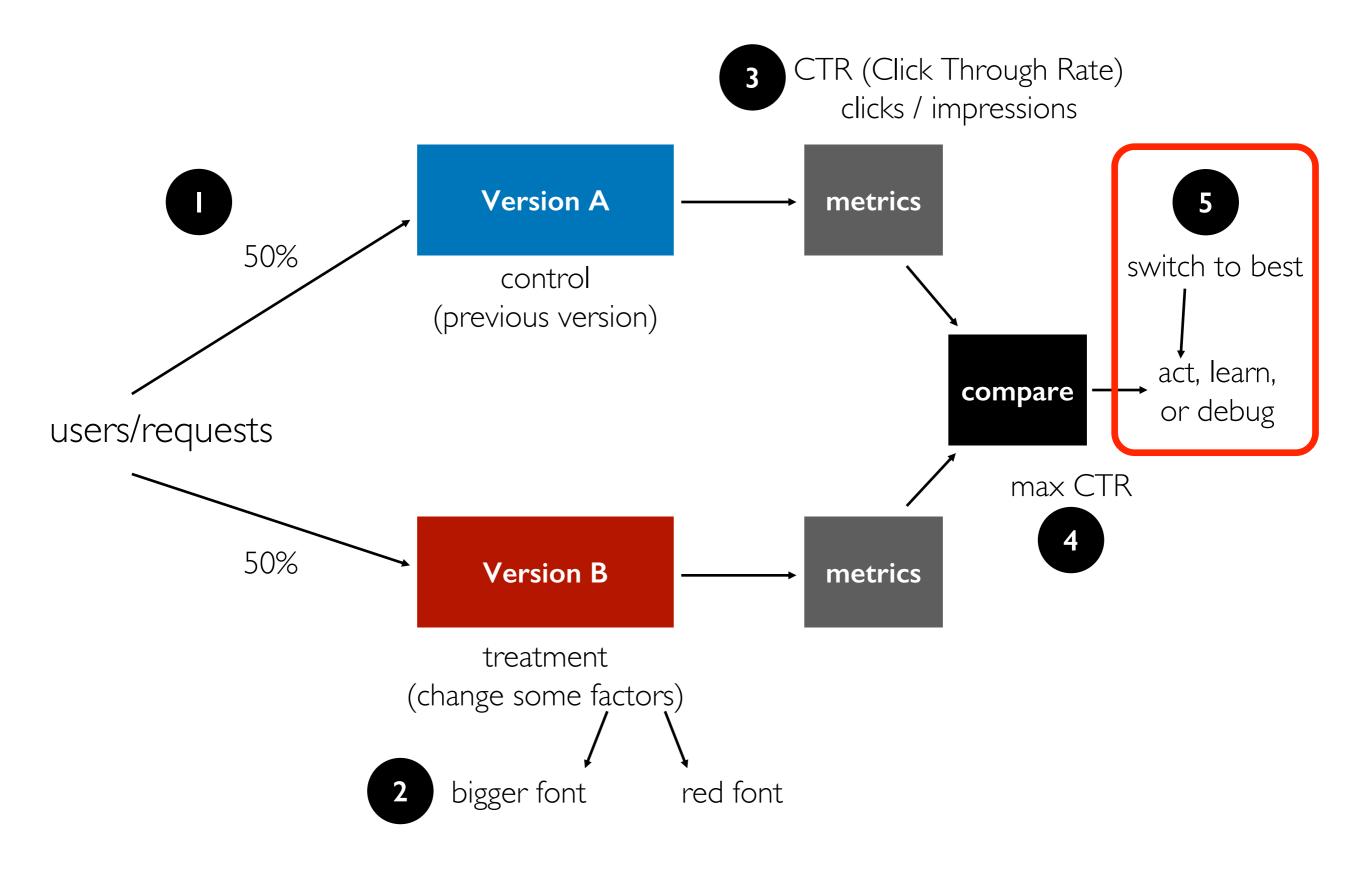
## A/B Test Overview (for web applications)



## Example I: Link to Donation Page

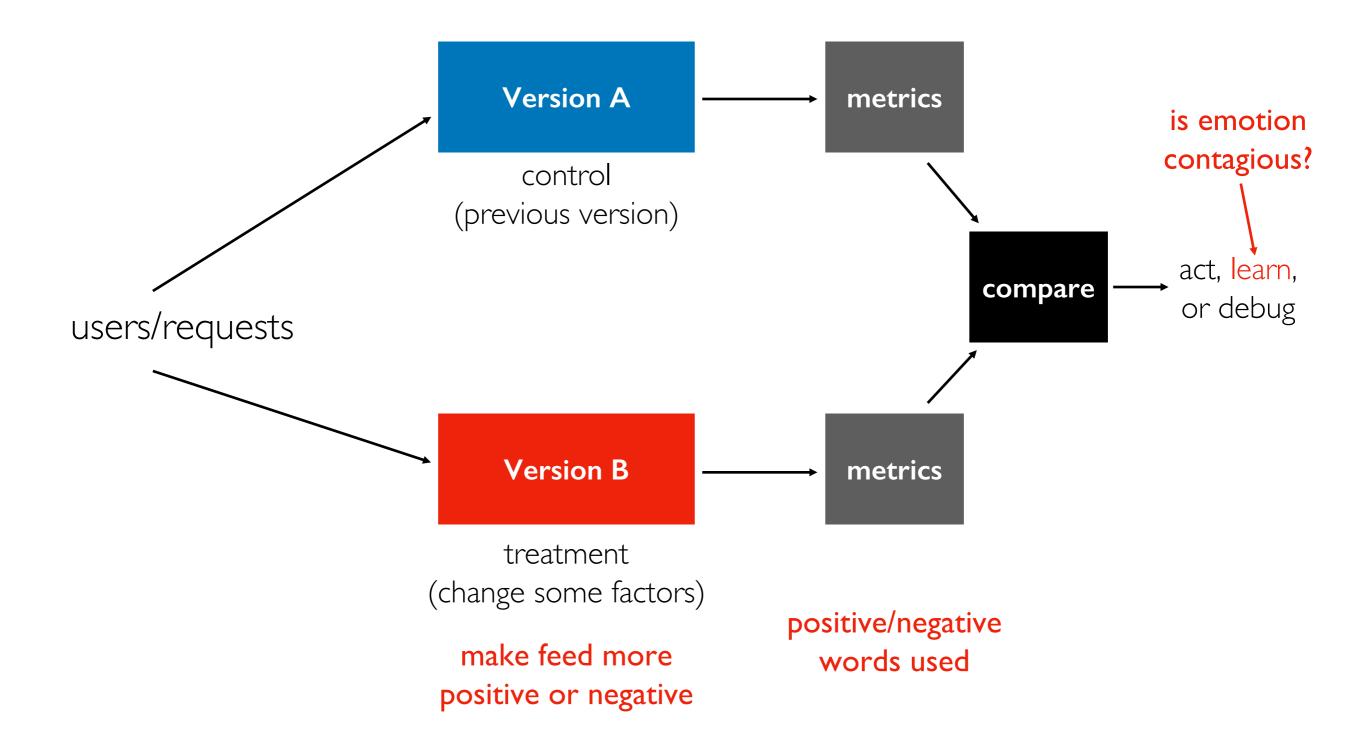


## Example I: Link to Donation Page



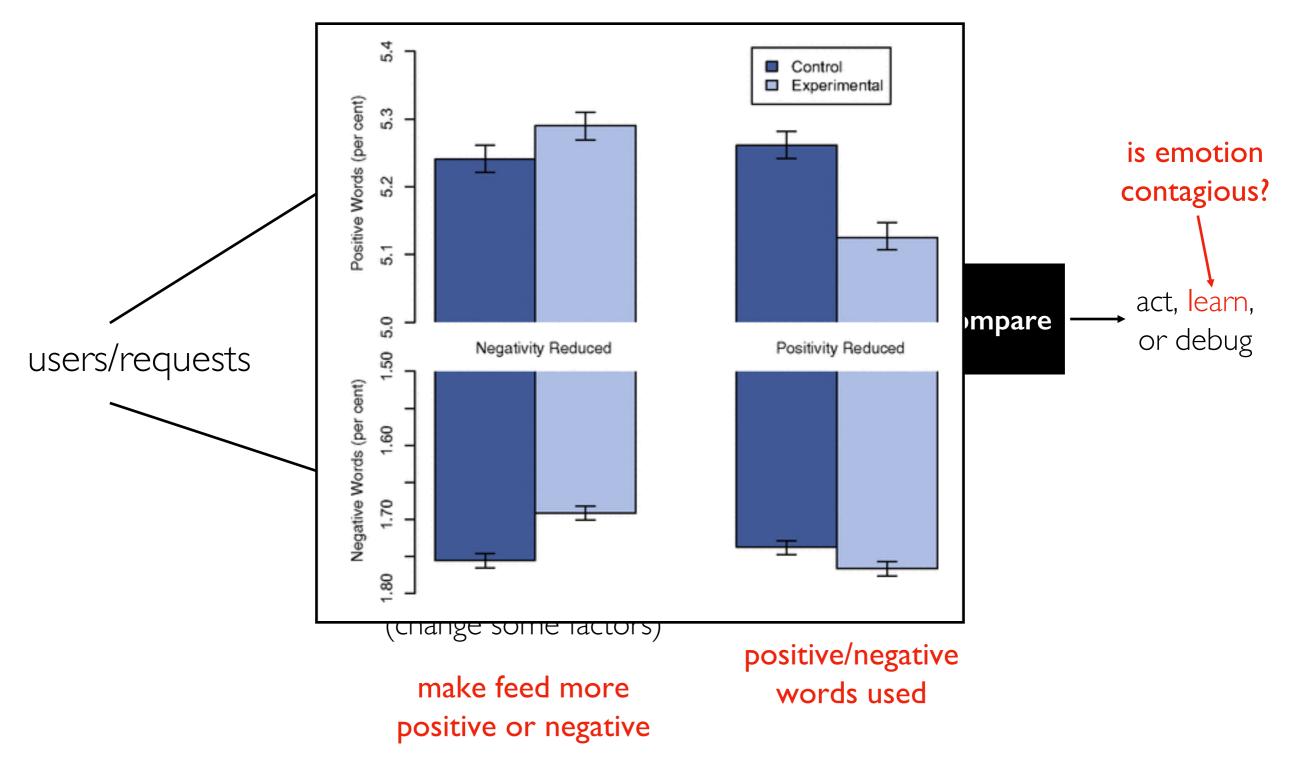
## Example 2: Facebook Emotional Contagion Study

Reading: https://techcrunch.com/2014/06/29/ethics-in-a-data-driven-world/



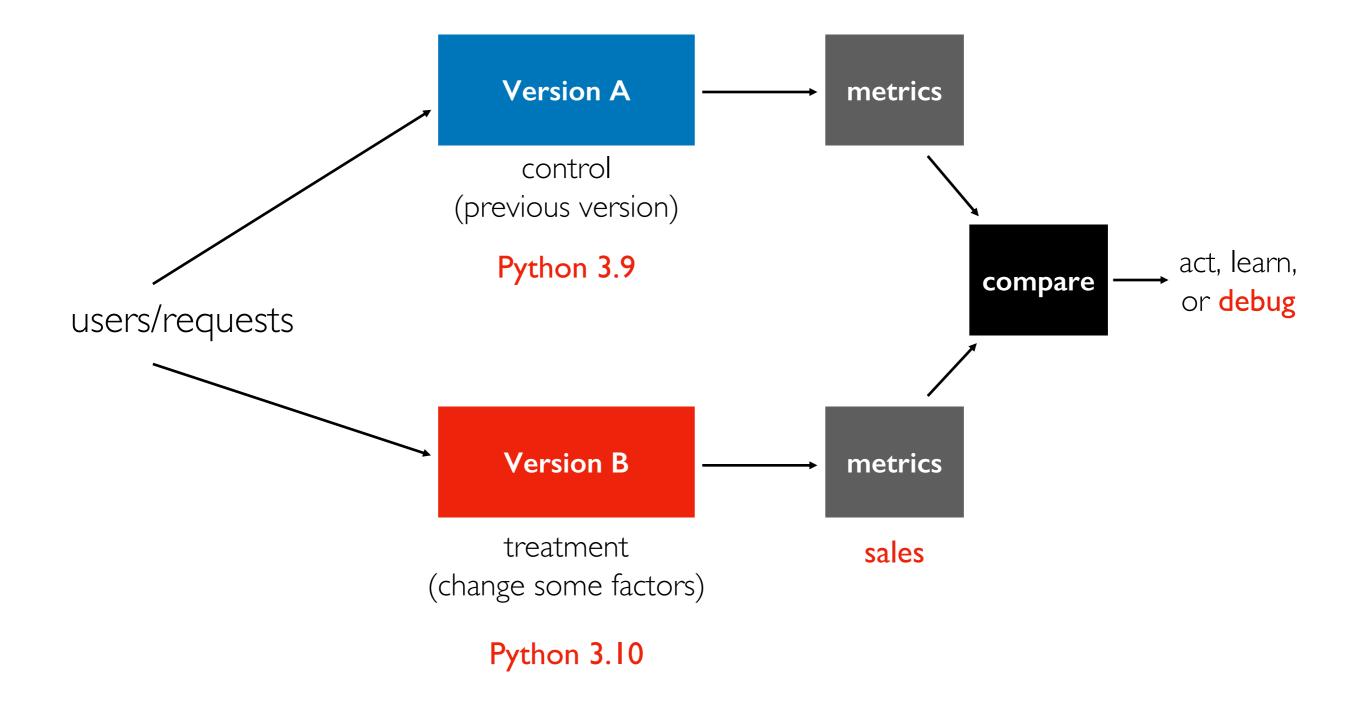
## Example 2: Facebook Emotional Contagion Study



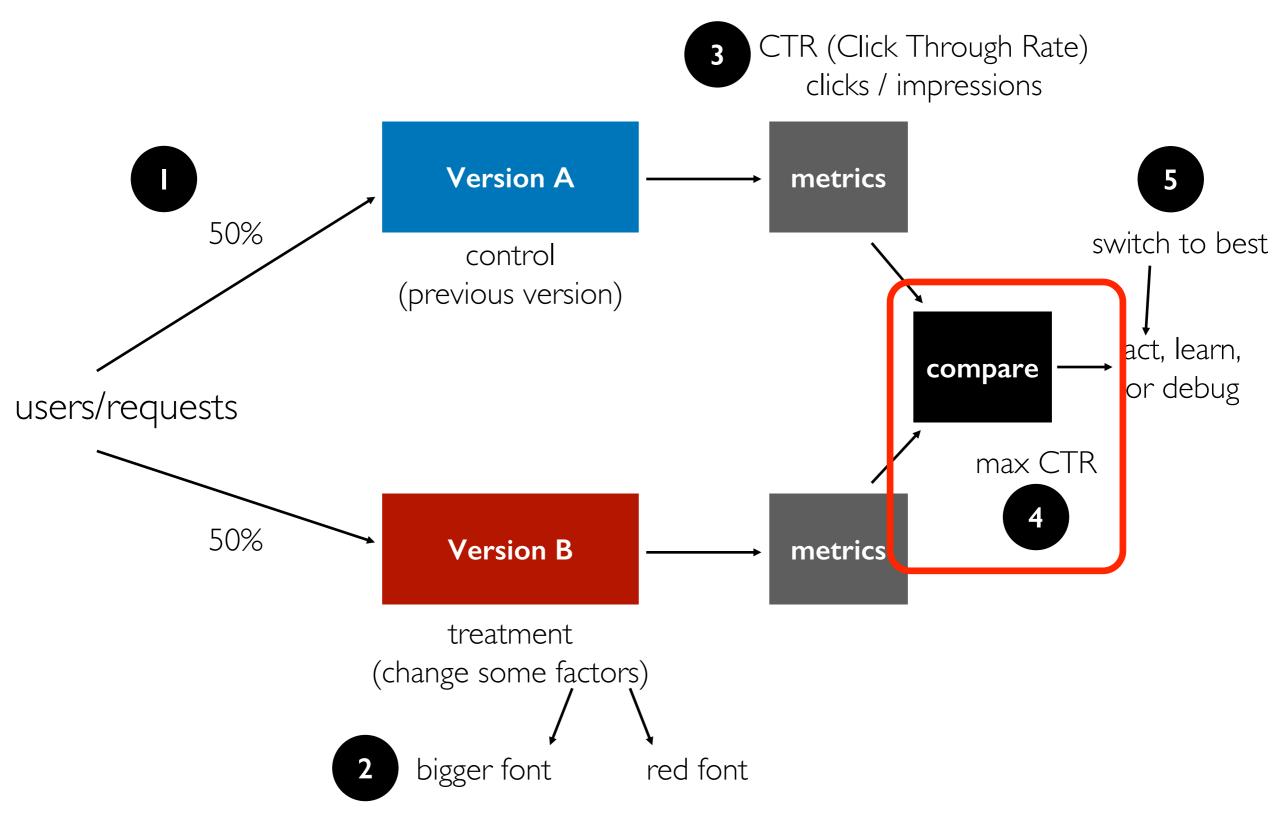


didn't need to submit to the IRB (Institutional Review Board) -- when should it be required?

## Example 3: Update Python Version



## Comparison step



Example Metric: CTR (Click-Through Rate)

CTR = clicks / impressions

Potential quiz / exam question on CTR and / or impression

"Impression" means user saw it: that is, **Impression = click + no-click** 

	click	no-click
Α	12	68
В	6	14

df: contingency table

how many B impressions were there? 20 what was B's CTR? 6/20 = 30%

Example Metric: **CTR** (Click-Through Rate)

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df: contingency table

	click	no-click	
Α	12	68	<pre>1 df["click"] / (df["click"] + df["no-click"]) A 0.15 B 0.30 dtype: float64</pre>
В	6	14	

is the improvement noise?

Example Metric: CTR (Click-Through Rate)

### CTR = clicks / impressions

"Impression" means user saw it: that is, **Impression = click + no-click** 

### click no-click

Δ	12 68	68	<pre>1 df["click"] / (df["click"] + df["no-click"])</pre>
~	12	00	A 0.15 B 0.30
В	6	14	dtype: float64

```
df: contingency table
```

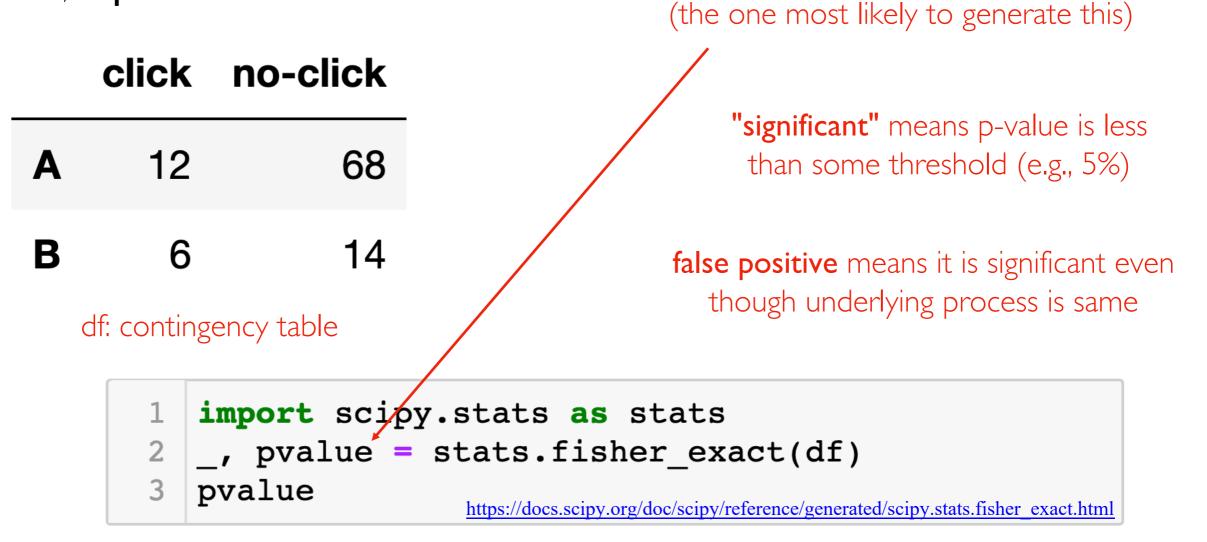
pip3 install scipy

0.1886443478471497

Example Metric: CTR (Click-Through Rate)

### CTR = clicks / impressions

"Impression" means user saw it: that is, **Impression = click + no-click** 



**p-value** is probability of seeing a difference

this extreme (or more) if both ratios were

generated by the same underlying process

0.1886443478471497

Example Metric: CTR (Click-Through Rate)

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Α	12	68
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out of 200 neutral changes, about how many false positive we expect to show up if we set our p-value threshold to 5%?

10

occasionally run A/A tests to make sure the system is working (false positive rate should be as expected)

df: contingency table

0.1886443478471497

# CTR / pvalue Demo

Example Metric: **CTR** (Click-Through Rate)

### CTR = clicks / impressions

"Impression" means user saw it: that is, <b>Impression = click + no-click</b>				
		click	no-click	
	Α	12	68	
	В	6	14	

df: contingency table

### 3 outcomes, based on CTRs and significance

- A is significantly better
- B is significantly better
- neither wins

### what to do?

- collect more data
- ignore significance, just look at CTR (indecision may be the worst decision)
- choose previous version A (probably fewer bugs)
- choose new version B (for simplicity or other merits)

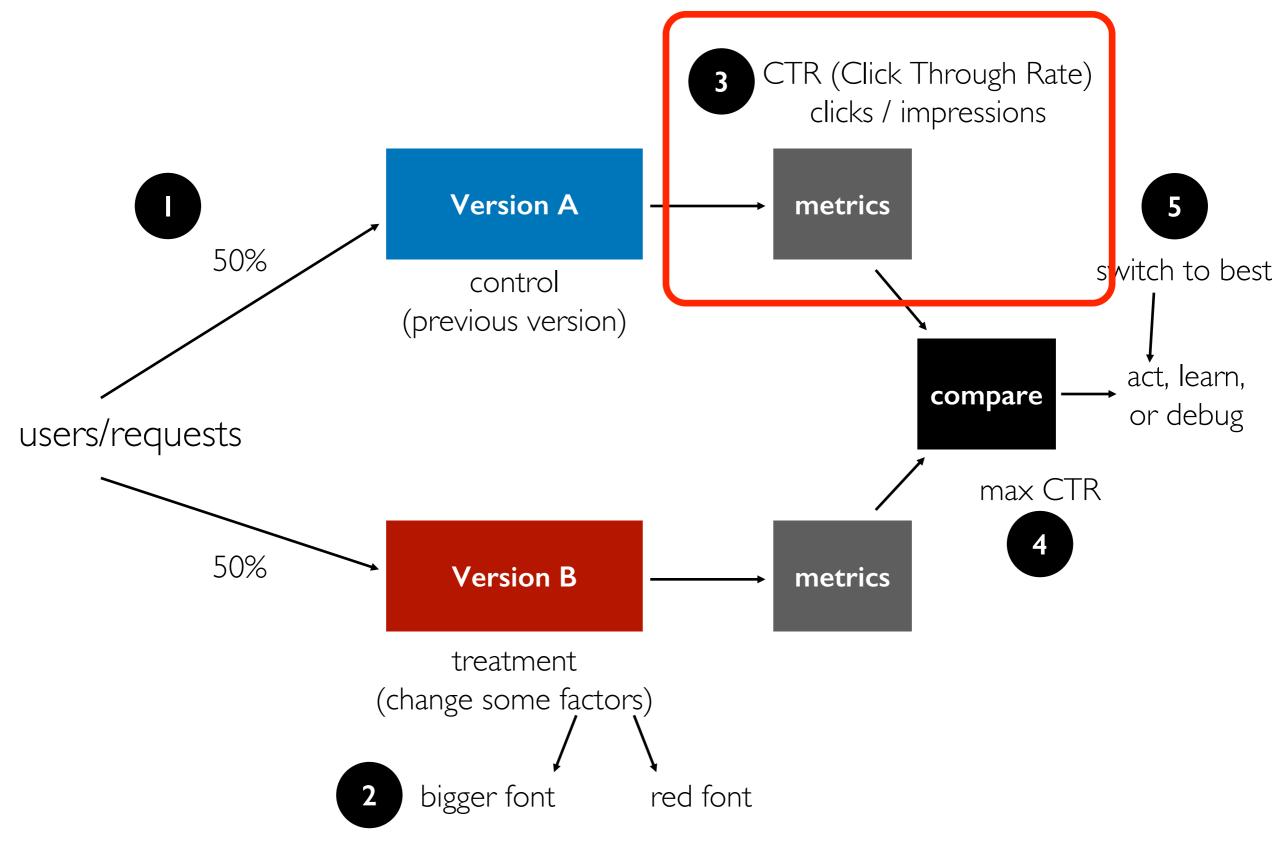
## Which Version Has Higher Whole-page CTR?

Version B

#### Version A

>	amazon	💽 🔍 🕨 amazon	3
	ALL SHOPPING IMAGES VIDEOS MAPS NEWS	ALL SHOPPING IMAGES VIDEOS MAPS N	IEWS
	196,000,000 Results <u>Any time</u> •	196,000,000 Results Any time 👻	
	Amazon.com - Amazon.com® Official Site	Amazon.com - Amazon.com® Official Site	
	$\ensuremath{\overline{Ad}}$ Earth's biggest selection of books, electronics, apparel & more at low prices.	Ad Earth's biggest selection of books, electronics, apparel & more a	at low prices.
	amazon.com has been visited by 1M+ users in the past month	amazon.com has been visited by 1M+ users in the past month	
	Fast Shipping · Explore Amazon Devices · Shop Prime Wardrobe · Try Prime for Fre	Fast Shipping · Explore Amazon Devices · Shop Prime Wardrobe · Tr	y Prime for Free
	Shop Echo & Alexa Devices Amazon Prime	Benefits Shop Echo & Alexa Devices Amazo	on Prime Benefits
	Play music, get news, control your Fast free delivery, stream		delivery, streaming
	smart home & more using your voice. video, music, photo sto		usic, photo storage & more.
	Learn More About Alexa Shop Amazon I	Fire Tablets Learn More About Alexa Shop	Amazon Fire Tablets
	Hands-free voice control for music, Tablets designed for en		esigned for entertainment
	calling, smart home devices & more. at an affordable price. I		ordable price. Learn more.
	Meet the Fire TV Family	Meet the Fire TV Family	
	See our devices for streaming your	See our devices for streaming your	
	favorite content and live TV.	favorite content and live TV.	
	See results only from amazon.com	See results only from amazon.com	
	Amazon.com: Online Shopping for Electronics, Appar	el Amazon.com: Online Shopping for Electronic	os Apparal
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	Free One-Day Delivery on millions of items with Prime. Low prices across earth's b	iggest selection of Free One-Day Delivery on millions of items with Prime. Low prices a	cross earth's biggest selection of
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	See more 🗸	See more V	

## Metrics for comparison



#### Things to measure:

- clicks -- when are they bad?
- scroll (did they read it?)
- subscribe/unsubscribe
- other ideas?

#### Things to measure:

- clicks -
- scroll (did they read it?)
- subscribe/unsubscribe
- purchases/returns
- hover (did they think about it?)
- shares
- likes/upvotes
- comments

combos: Bing measures how often people click a result link and don't hit back within 30 seconds

### Things to measure: - clicks - scroll (did they read it?) - subscribe/unsubscribe - purchases/returns - hover (did they think about it?) - shares - likes/upvotes - comments

what is the effect of B? B: remove price from product page link

Lesson: it's easy to shift clicks

what is the effect of B? B: **send twice as many spam emails** 

**Lesson:** it's hard to measure long-term effects (noisy!), so use common sense

### Decide beforehand on one OEC metric: Overall Experiment Criterion

- Bing has thousands of debug metrics, but only 4 OECs.

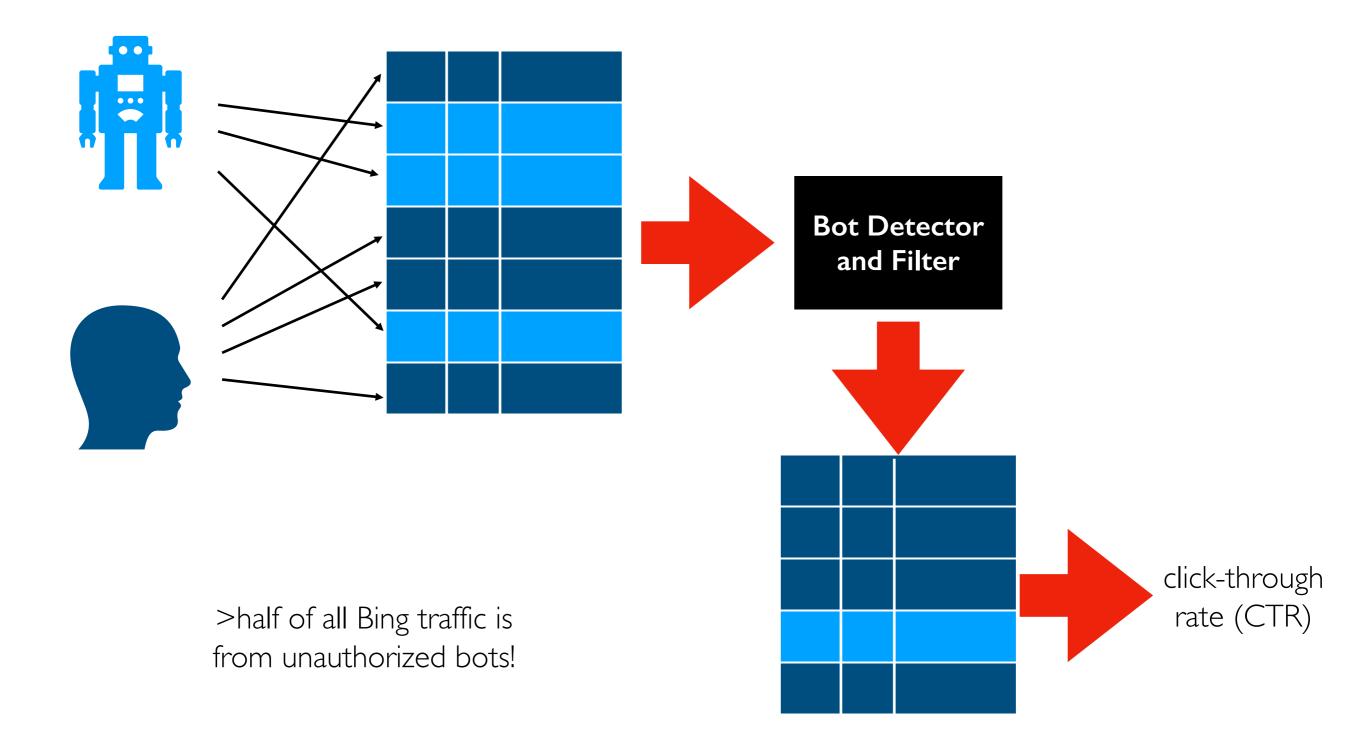
Things to measure:	combos: Bing measures how often people click a
- clicks	result link and don't hit back within 30 seconds
<ul> <li>scroll (did they read it?)</li> <li>subscribe/unsubscribe</li> </ul>	
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- shares	
– likes/upvotes	
- comments	
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what is the effect of B?	B is send twice as many spammy emails

#### Decide beforehand on one OEC metric: Overall Experiment Criterion

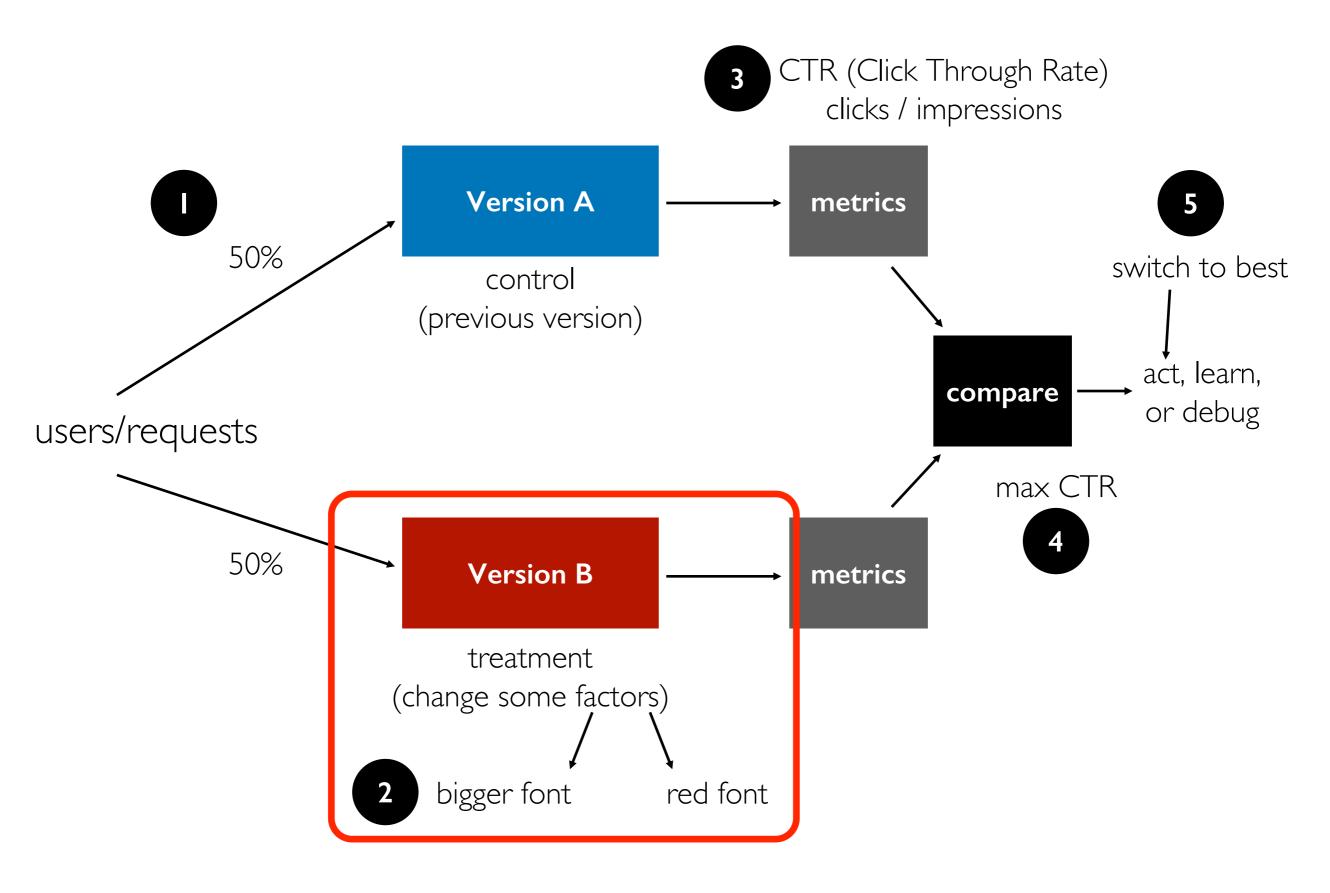
B is remove price from product page link

- Bing has thousands of debug metrics, but only 4 OECs. Try to consider cost as well as benefit!
- As a rule of thumb, "*if you make something bigger, more people will click on it*" ~ Ron Kohavi
- Making part of the site better could hurt other parts if you have a naive OEC

## Metrics Should be on Uniformly Cleaned Data



## What should we actually change in Version B?



Run two variants side by side: control (A) and treatment (B)

### Treatment consists of one or more factors changed:

- wording
- slowdown might help with budgeting / cost management
- changes "invisible" to user (e.g., software updates)
- what else?

Run two variants side by side: control (A) and treatment (B)

Treatment consists of one or more factors changed:

- wording
- slowdown
- changes "invisible" to user (e.g., software updates)
- time of day (for emails sent)
- font, size, color, icons, graphic design in general
- recommendation algorithm used
- sequence of steps necessary to make a purchase
- database that is faster for some queries (and slower for others)

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many experiments are big time investments (require significant coding)!

Lesson: don't be too attached to your work, be redundant and ready to throw things away

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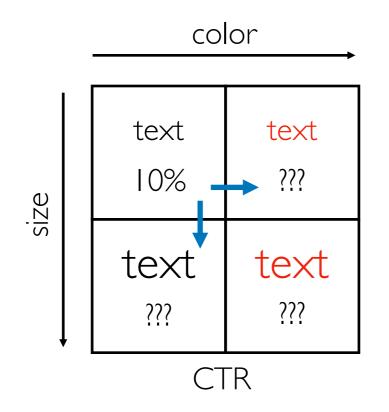
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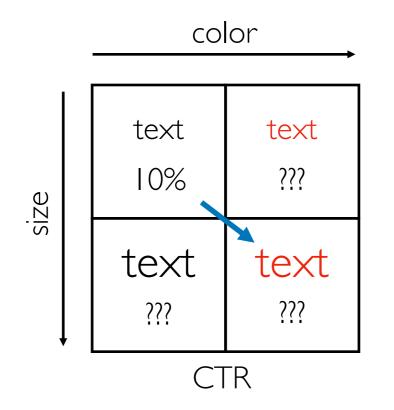
stop debating, it's easier to get the data" ~ Ron Kohavi

there's also plenty of low-hanging fruit!



Option I: OFAT (one factor at a time)

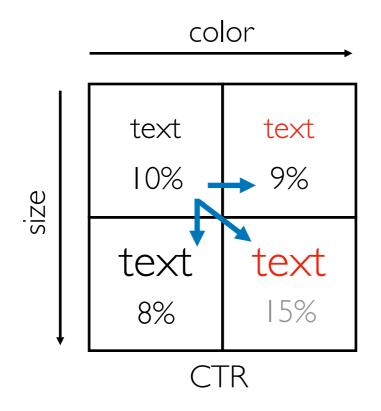
Hypothesis: large red font will be better



Option I: OFAT (one factor at a time)

Option 2: introduce two factors at once

Hypothesis: large red font will be better



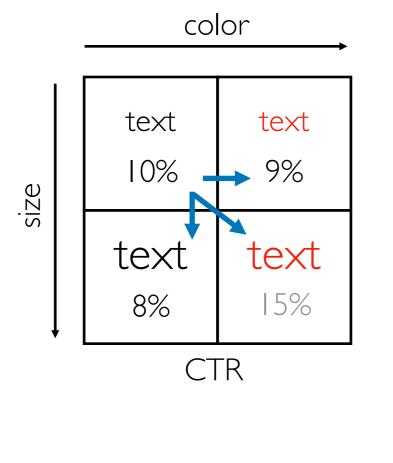
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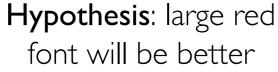
Option I: OFAT (one factor at a time)

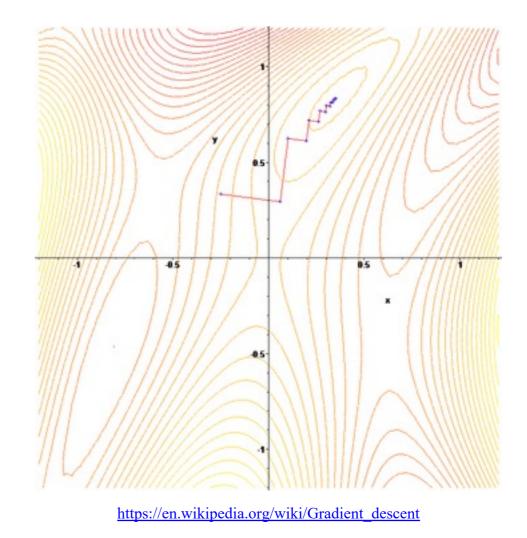
can usually learn more, but will never exploit factor interactions

Option 2: introduce two factors at once

can choose a good design, but didn't learn what factors are important

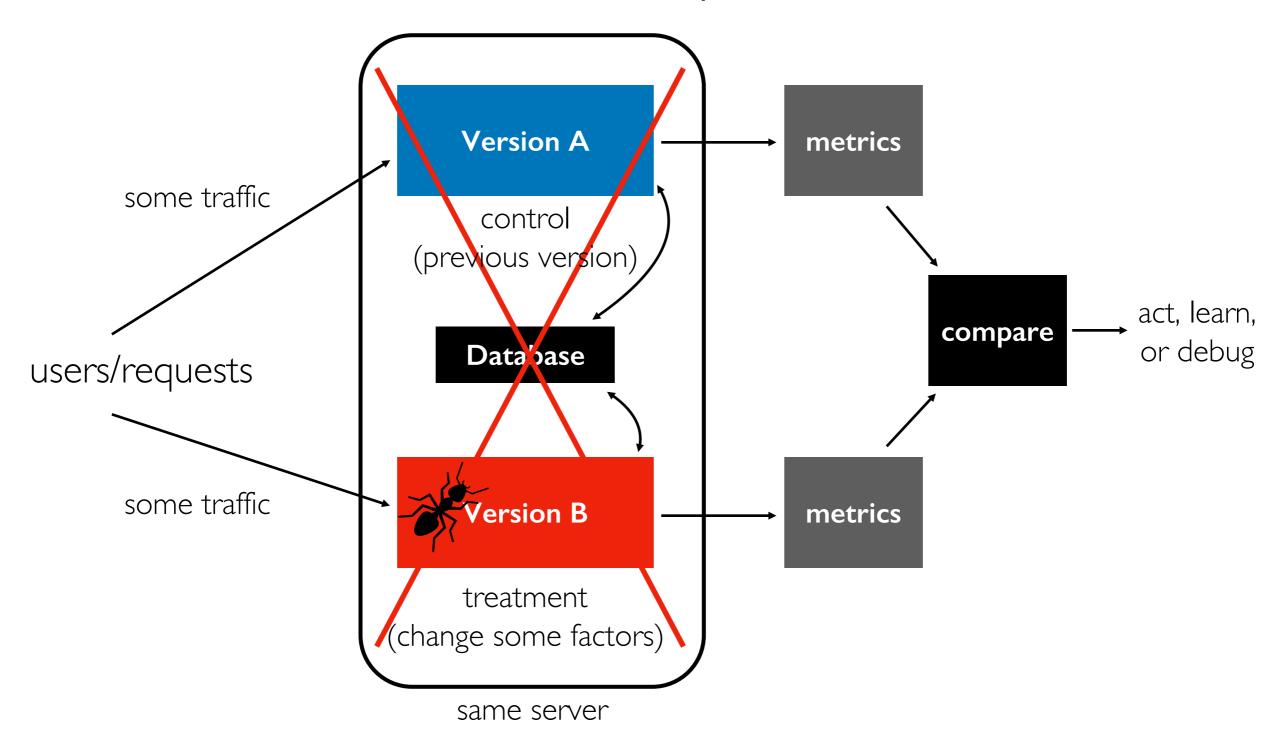






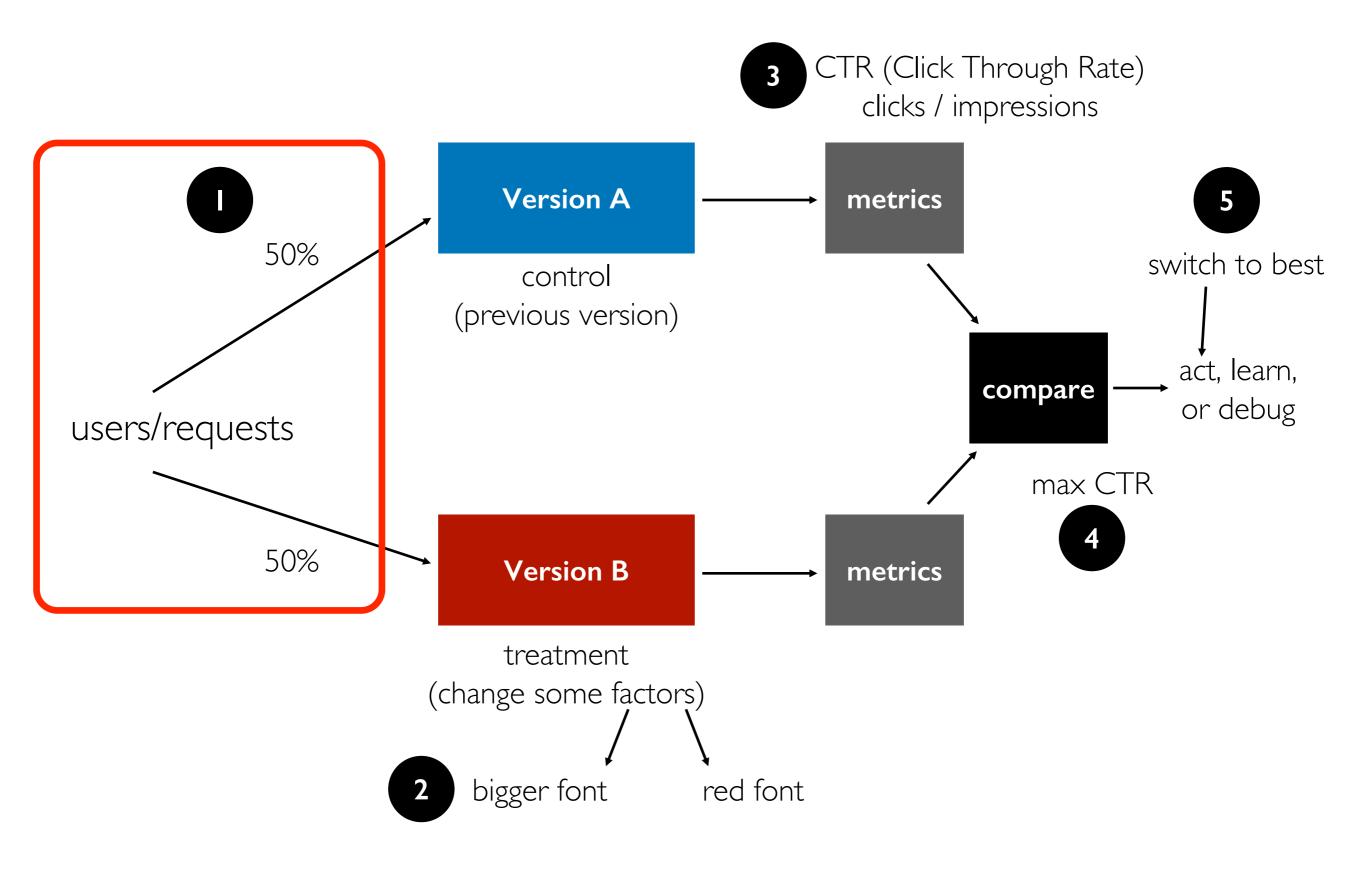
**Hill climbing**: imagine you're trying to find a peak (representing higher CTR). Taking small steps in the steepest direction is usually best, but not if you reach a local peak/optimimum

## Control/Treatment Disruptions



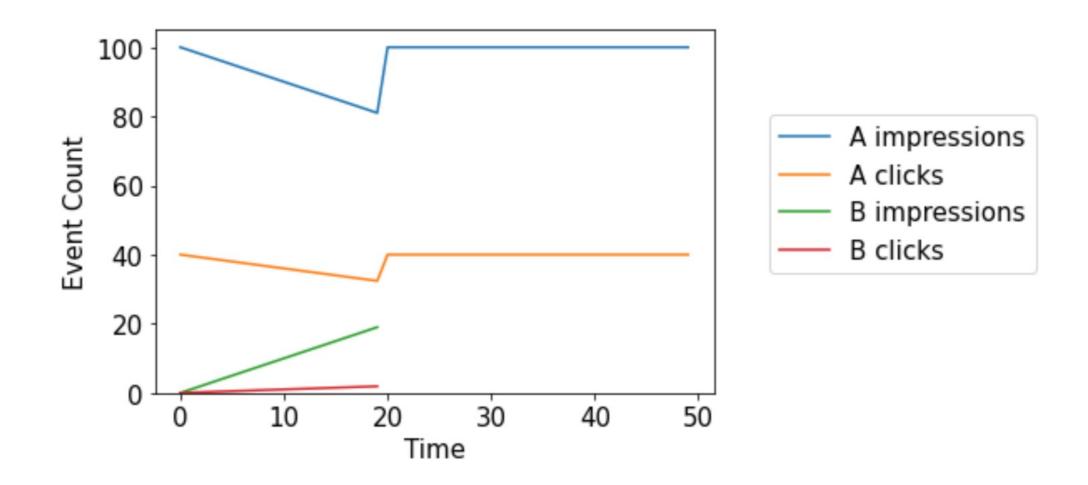
Different variants may save databases/servers, affecting performance of both. Bugs crashing the server will be especially bad! Metrics won't show the true blame.

## Splitting users/requests across versions

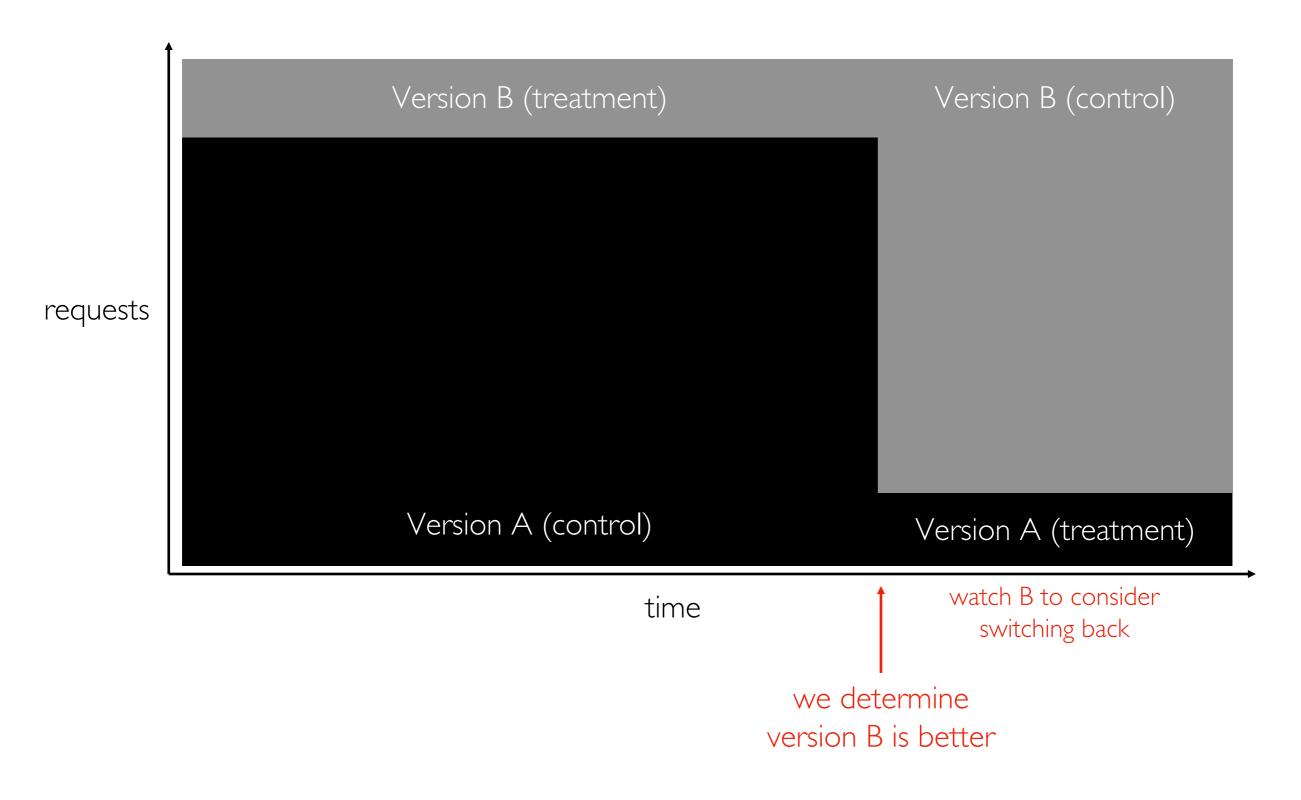


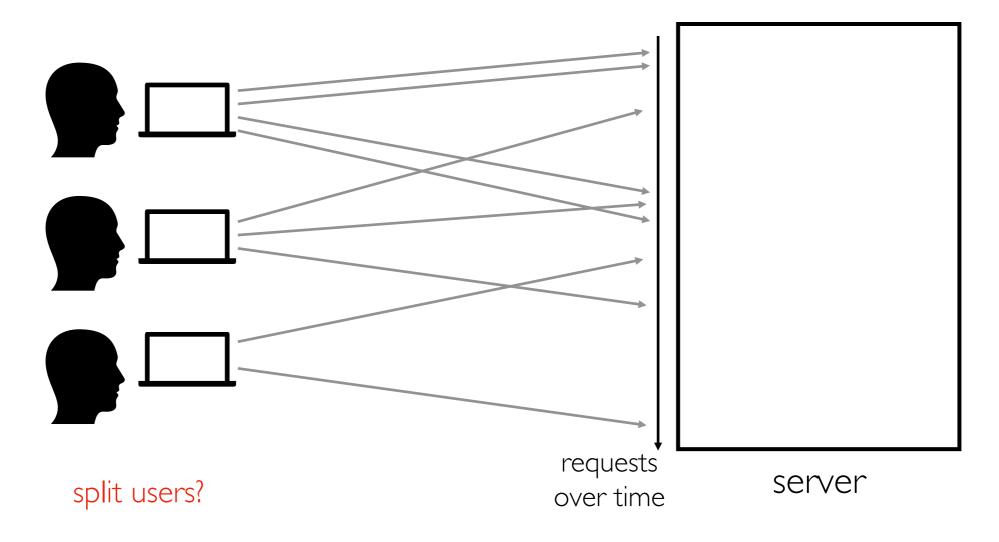
### What to split?

Don't go straight to 50/50!



## What if the real factor is **novelty**?



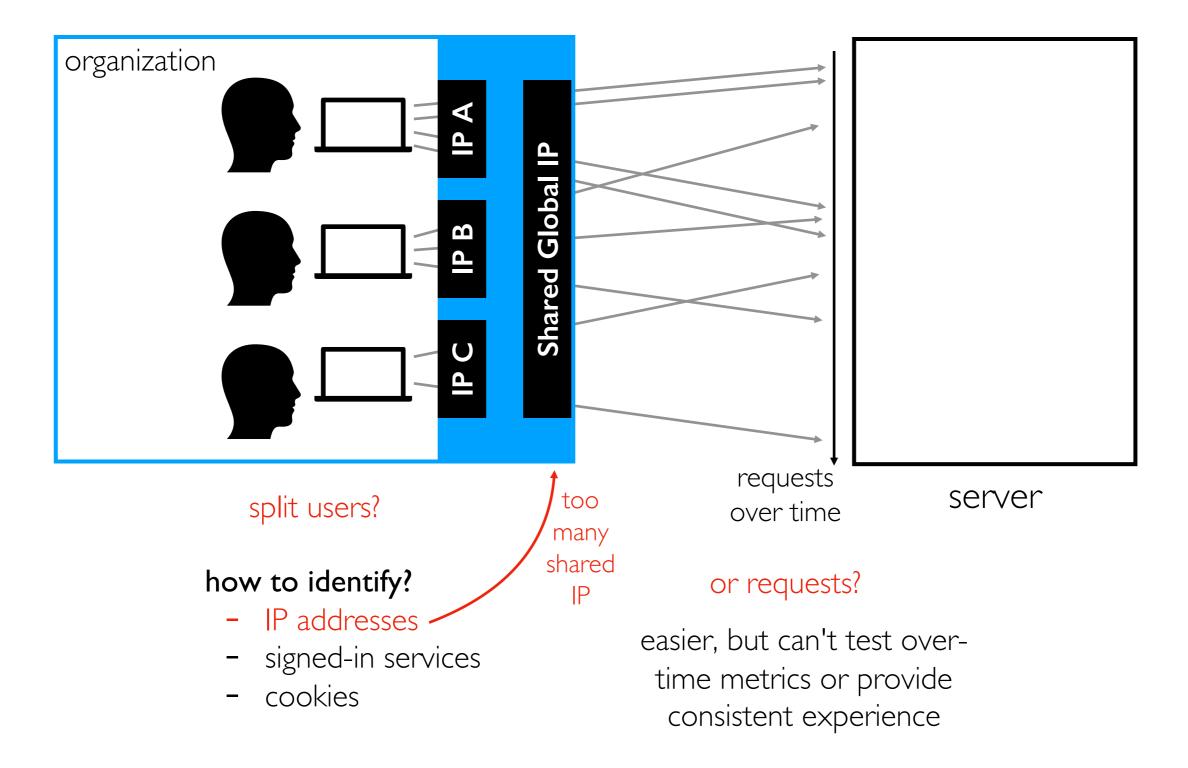


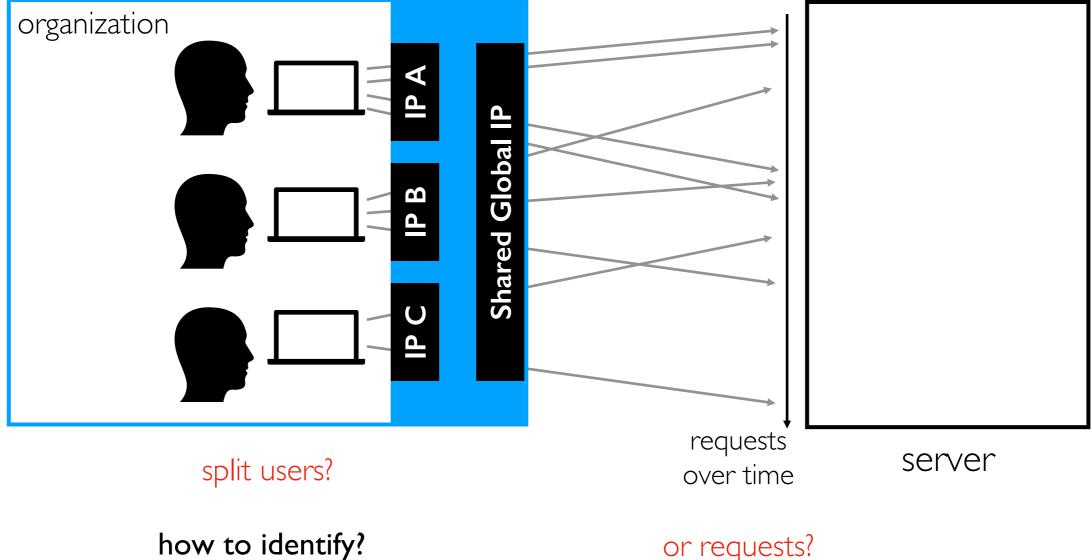
#### how to identify?

- IP addresses
- signed-in services
- cookies

#### or requests?

easier, but can't test overtime metrics or provide consistent experience



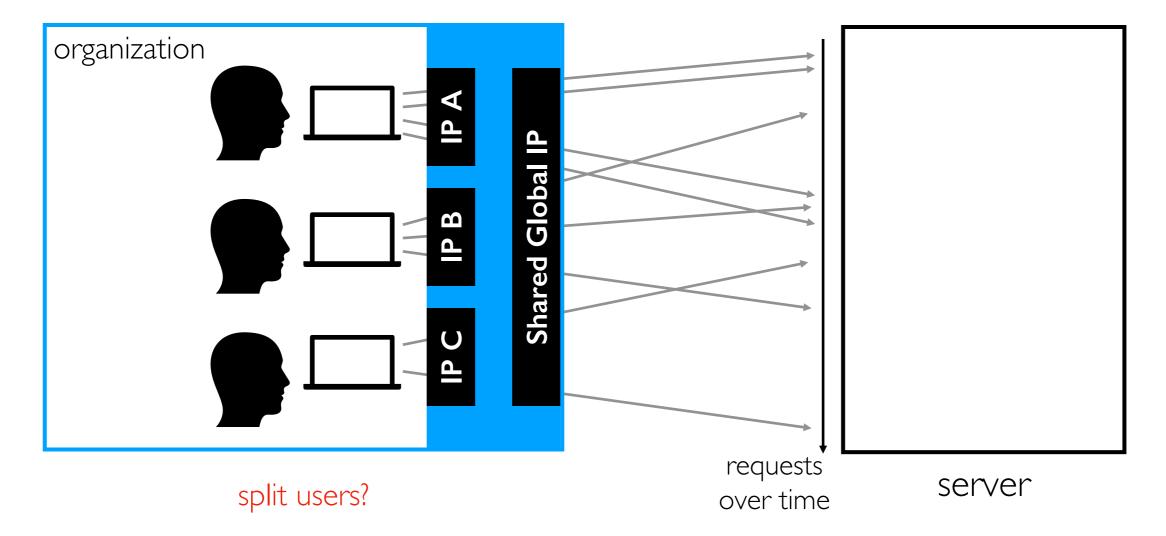


- IP addresses
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#### or requests?

easier, but can't test overtime metrics or provide consistent experience

ideal for when applicable ---cumbersome / scary



### how to identify?

- IP addresses
- signed-in services
- cookies



#### or requests?

easier, but can't test overtime metrics or provide consistent experience

### Cookies

**Cookies** are info that sites ask browsers to store locally and upload later.

```
from flask import request, Response, Flask
app = Flask( name )
                                            dict of cookies
@app.route('/')
def index():
    print(request.cookies)
    user id = request.cookies.get("user", None)
    if user id == None:
                                        key
        user id = new id()
    resp = Response("hello")
    resp.set_cookie("user", user_id)
    return resp
                               value
                       key
def new id():
    import time
                              #TODO: get better identifiers
    return str(time.time())
app.run(host="0.0.0.0")
                               Ð
                                     🚓 Incognito
                                 _ ☆
```

More accurate than IP, but cookie churn, incognito mode, and local laws may limit...

# Summary

### Goals

- make decisions, learn, debug

### Comparisons

- significance testing

#### **Metrics**

- simple or combos
- clean uniformly
- choose OEC up front
- think long-term

#### Treatments

- one or more factors
- factors may require a lot of coding/design work!
- OFAT usually best for learning
- check the novelty factor with a flipped A/B test after decision

### Splitting Traffic

- ramp up slowly
- split requests or users (how to distinguish?)

